## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- 1. (Original) A  $\gamma$ -proteobacterium having an ability to produce a target substance and modified so that an ArcA protein does not normally function.
- 2. (Original) The  $\gamma$ -proteobacterium according to claim 1, wherein the ArcA protein that normally functions is a protein defined in the following (A) or (B):
  - (A) a protein having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 32;
- (B) a protein having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 32 including substitution, deletion, insertion or addition of one or several amino acids and improving an ability to produce a target substance when the protein does not normally function in the  $\gamma$ -proteobacterium compared with the case where the protein normally functions.
- 3. (Original) The  $\gamma$ -proteobacterium according to claim 1, wherein the ArcA protein that normally functions is a protein having 70% or more of homology to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 32 and improving an ability to produce a target substance when the protein does not normally function in the  $\gamma$ -proteobacterium compared with the case where the protein normally functions.
- 4. (Original) The  $\gamma$ -proteobacterium according to claim 1, wherein the ArcA protein that normally functions is a protein having the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 32 including substitution, deletion, insertion or addition of 2 to 20 amino acids and improving an ability to produce a target substance when the protein does not normally function in the  $\gamma$ -proteobacterium compared with the case where the protein normally functions.
- 5. (Original) The γ-proteobacterium according to any one of claims 1 to 4 claim 1, wherein the ArcA protein does not normally function by means of disruption of an *arcA* gene on a chromosome.

- 6. (Original) The γ-proteobacterium according to claim 5, wherein the arcA gene isDNA defined in the following (a) or (b):
- (a) DNA containing the nucleotide sequence of the nucleotide numbers 101 to 817 of SEQ ID NO: 31;
- (b) DNA hybridizable with the nucleotide sequence of the nucleotide numbers 101 to 817 of SEQ ID NO: 31 or a probe that can be produced from the nucleotide sequence under the stringent condition and coding for a protein that improves an ability to produce a target substance when the protein does not normally function compared with the case where the protein normally functions.
- 7. (Previously Presented) The  $\gamma$ -proteobacterium according to claim 1, which is a bacterium belonging to the genus *Escherichia*.
- 8. (Previously Presented) The  $\gamma$ -proteobacterium according to claim 1, wherein the target substance is an L-amino acid.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The γ-proteobacterium according to claim 8, wherein the L-amino acid is selected from the group consisting of L-lysine, L-glutamic acid, and L-arginine L-lysine or L-glutamic acid.
- 10. (Original) A method for producing a target substance, which comprises culturing the  $\gamma$ -proteobacterium according to any one of claims 1 to 9 in a medium to produce and accumulate the target substance in the medium or cells and collecting the target substance from the medium or cells.